

# SC Electric Transportation Programs Stakeholder Review

The future is electric.



# Agenda

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- Introductions
- EV Charging 101
- State of EVs & Adoption in South Carolina
- Make-Ready Credit Program
- EVSE (Hardware/Software) Program
- Questions & Discussion

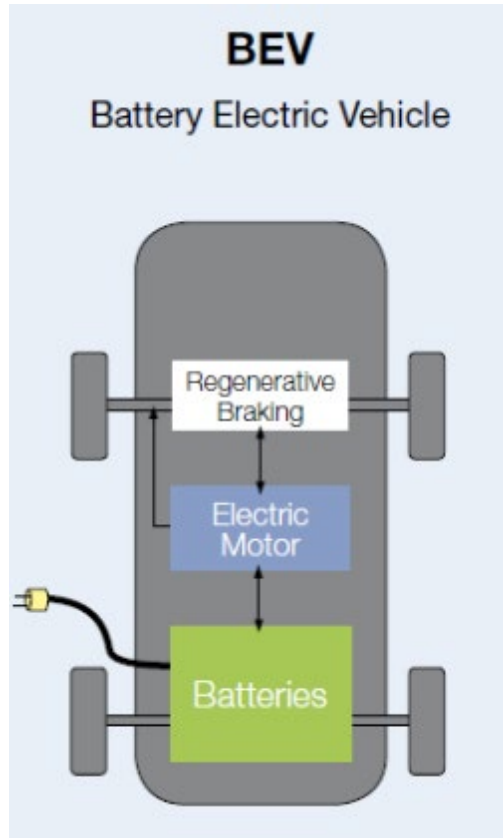
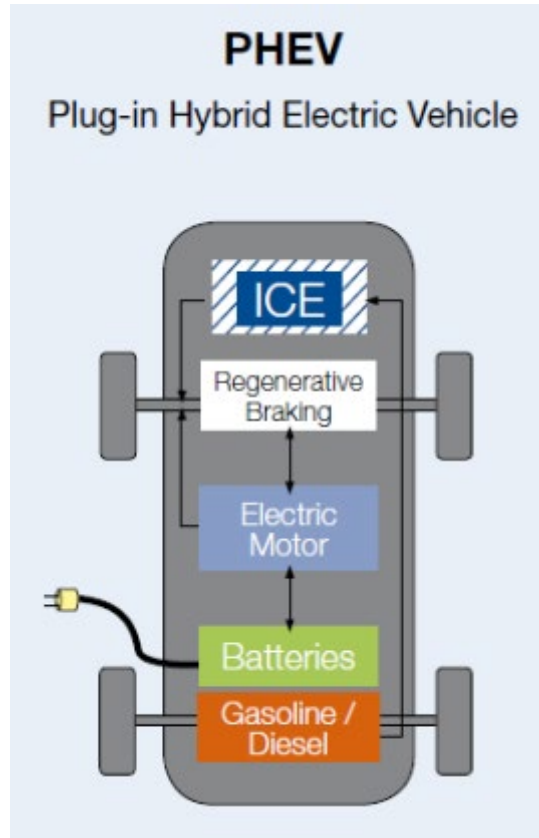
# EV Types

## ■ Benefits

- Enough range for average commute, with the flexibility to switch to ICE for long-distance travel

## ■ Limitations

- Battery range typically tops out around 50 miles
- Requires oil changes and engine maintenance
- Does not reduce emissions when running on ICE



## ■ Benefits

- No engine, and therefore no engine maintenance nor tailpipe emissions and increased storage space
- Considerable fuel savings over an ICE vehicle
- Can charge vehicle at any standard electrical outlet or charging station

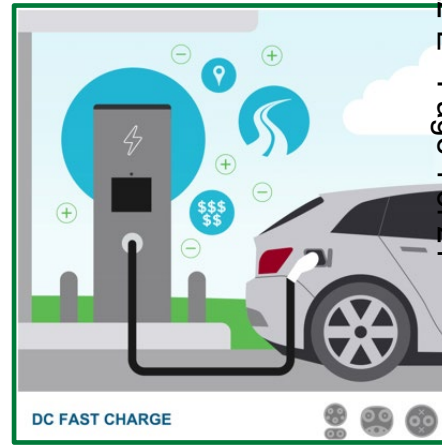
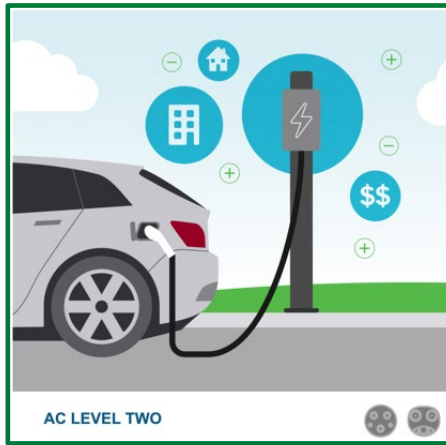
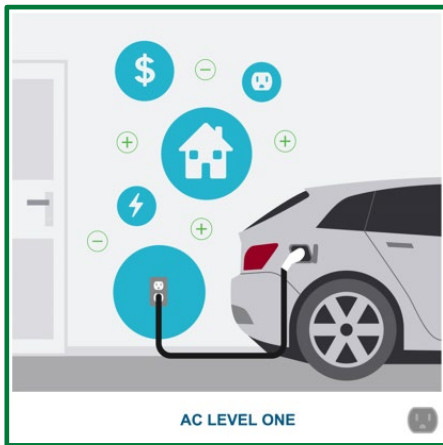
## ■ Limitations

- Public charging infrastructure is limited and still developing in some areas

# Categories of EVSEs

Electric  
Vehicle  
Supply  
Equipment

aka, EV Charger



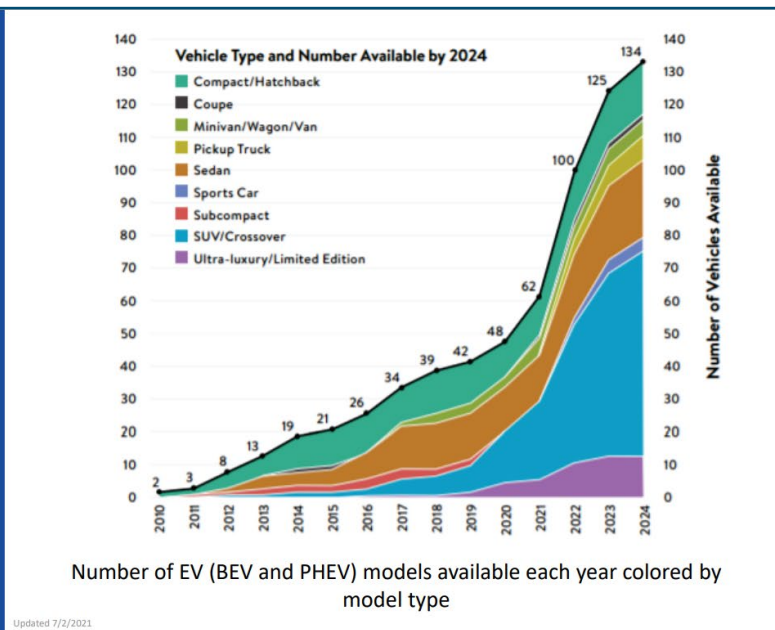
| Charge Range / Time | 3-5 miles per hour | 20-30 miles per hour   | 3-10 miles per minute                           |
|---------------------|--------------------|------------------------|---|
| Use Case(s)         | Single-family home | MUD, Public, Workplace | Corridor  |
| Power               | ~1.8 kW            | 3.3-19 kW              | 24-350 kW                                       |
| Power Equivalent    | Hair dryer         | Electric Range         | Small Fast Food up to<br>Large Home Improvement |
| Requirements        | None               | Connectivity           | Connectivity, Maintenance                       |

# Growth of Electric Vehicles – Options Drive Adoption

## Trend 1: Customer choice is increasing

~134 EVs available  
by 2024

About half of the  
models available in  
2024 are  
SUV/Crossovers



## Plug In EVs in SC:

- EOY 2014 = 1,266
- EOQ3 2020 = 5,777
  - 30% average YOY growth over 5  $\frac{3}{4}$  years
- EOQ3 2021 = 9,208
  - 60% YOY growth in last 12 months

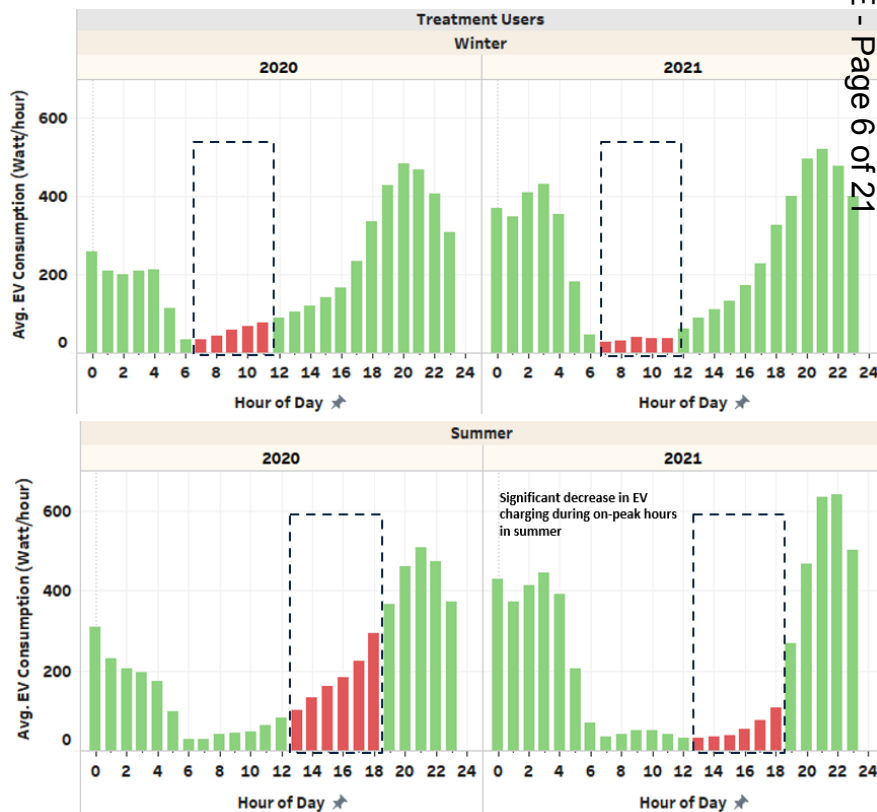
# DEC Residential Rebate & Off-Peak Credit

## Overview

- \$500 upfront rebate upon installation of Level 2 charger
  - \$13.89 per month credit for customers who observe off-peak charging
    - Customer may charge on-peak up to 3 times per month before loss of credit.

## Status

- 310 Customers Enrolled
- 283 Active
- 27 Unenrolled
  - Little to no charging





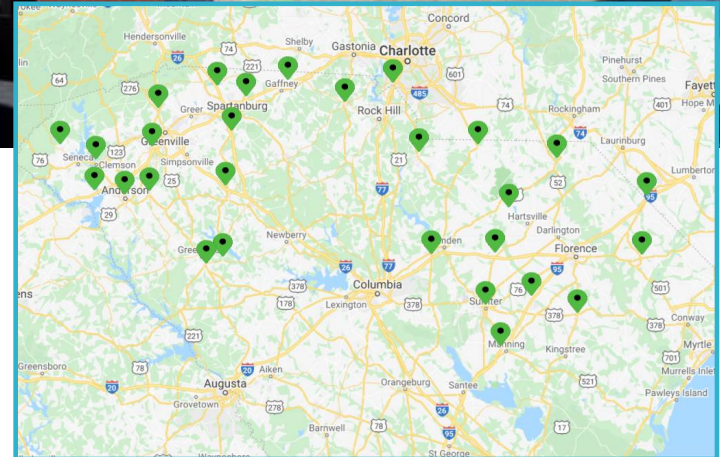
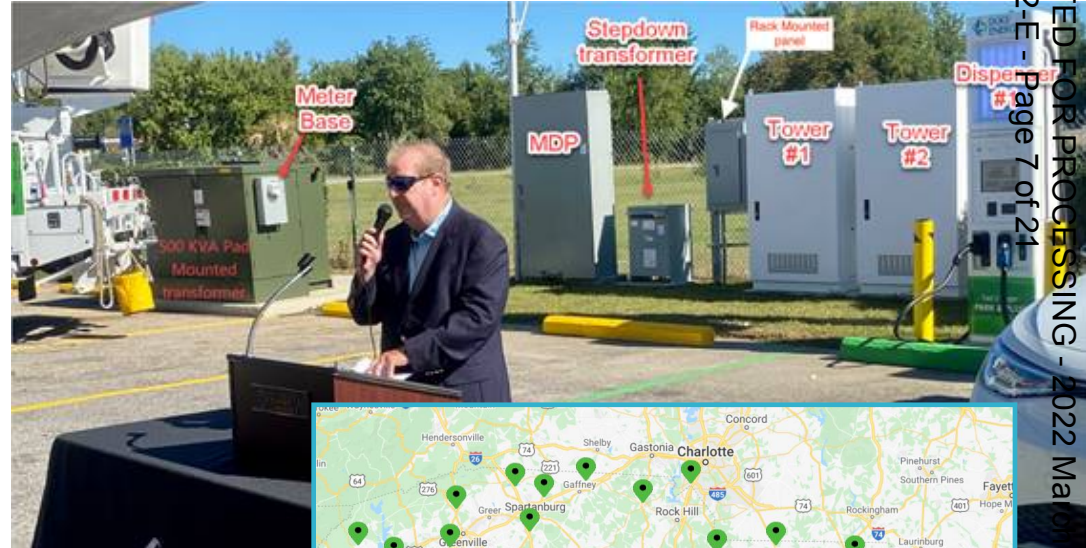
# Park & Plug DC Fast Charging

## Overview

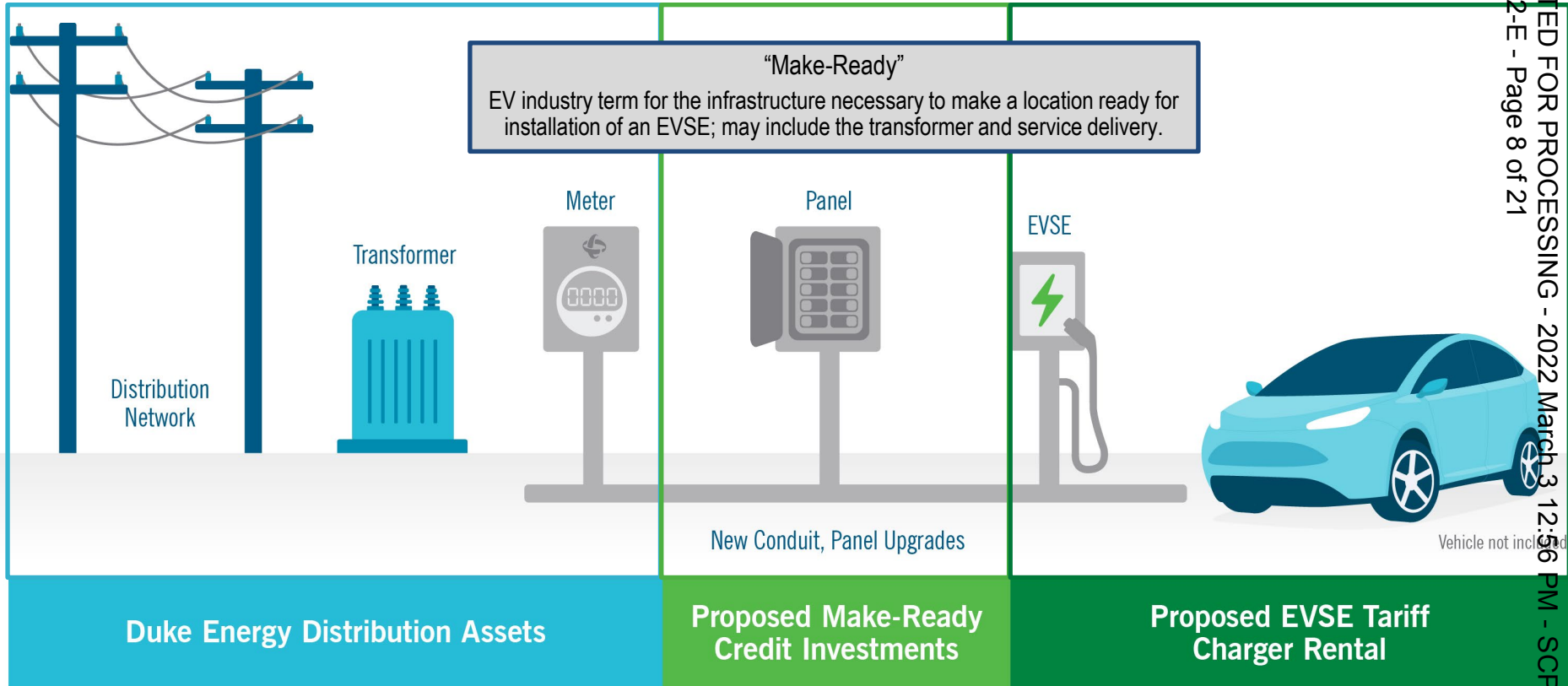
- 60 Chargers (40 DEC / 20 DEP)
- 2x 100+ kW equipment per site

## Status

- (4) Sites Energized
- (2) Sites Underway
- (23) Sites Initiation & Design
  - Average 20% complete
- (2) Sites to be Recruited / Allocated



# Visual Diagram: Make Ready Credit & EVSE Tariff Proposals

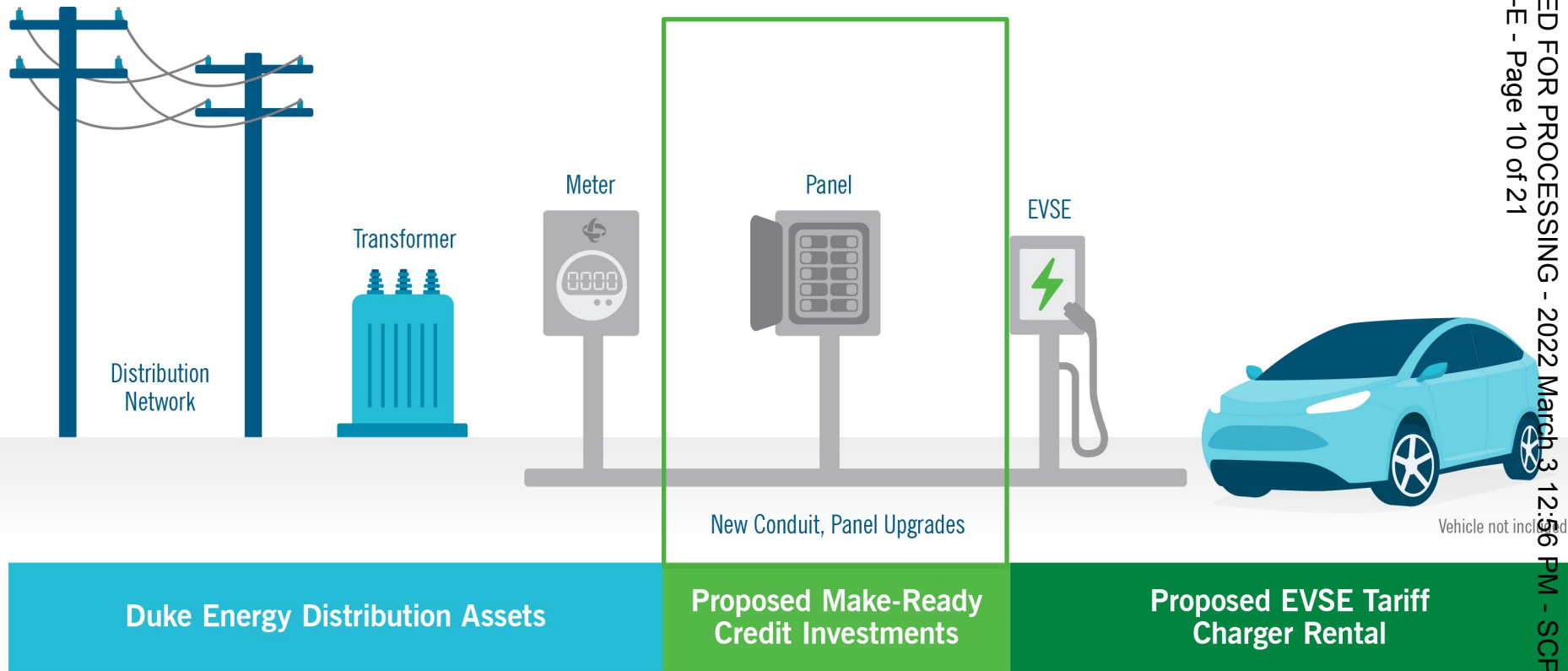




# EV Make-Ready Program



# Make-Ready Credit



## Can We Learn From Our Line Extension Policy?

### Cost of Extension (“Cost”)

Revenue Credit (“RC”) = # of Years x Estimated Annual Revenue

Cost – RC = Customer’s Contribution\*

Cost = \$1,000

RC = \$600  
3 years x \$200

Customer’s Contribution = \$400

\* If > \$0



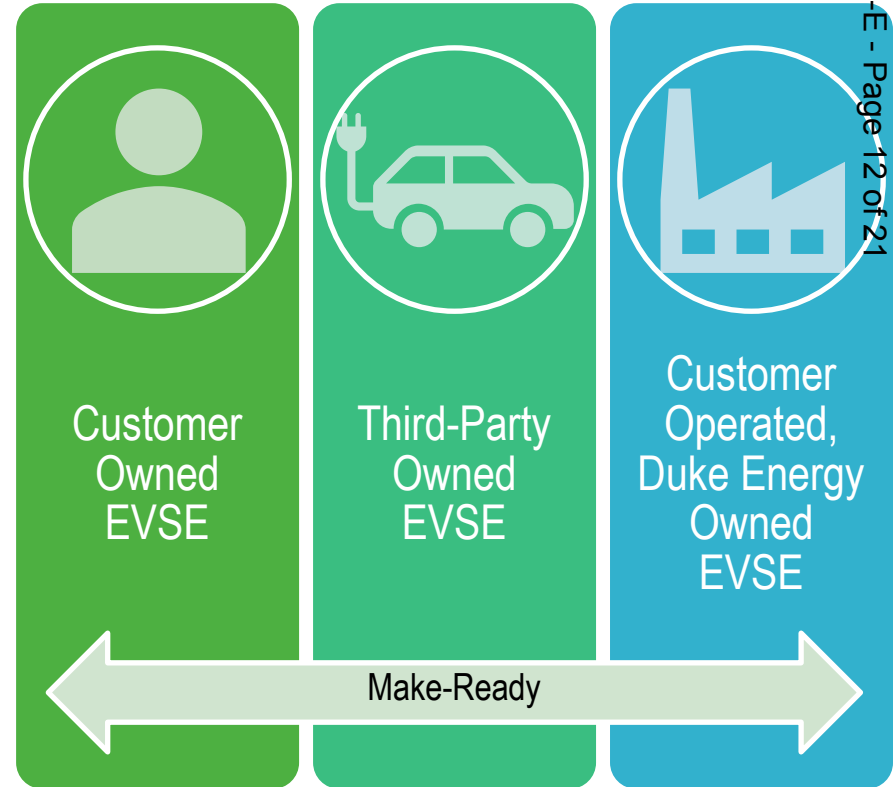
**Line extension costs are recovered through normal utility rate-making processes. The make-ready proposal follows the same structure**

# Make Ready Credit Program Overview

## Basics

- Aligns cost allocation of investments with future revenue.
- Investments can be in customer-sited enabling infrastructure, excluding the EV Charger, in order to serve load from electric vehicles.
- Customer obtains installation through a licensed and approved contractor.

Make-Ready Credit is a building block to create a viable EV ecosystem. It encourages residential and non-residential customers to invest in wiring upgrades to existing structures while providing a benefit to all utility customers by lowering the per unit cost of electricity<sup>1</sup>.



1. Reference study by MJ Bradley filed as Exhibit A in PSCSC Docket #2018-321-E

# EV Make-Ready Proposal Summary

|                            | Residential<br>(Retrofit)  | Non-Residential<br>(Retrofit)  | Homebuilder<br>(Res New Const.)               |
|----------------------------|--|--|---|
| Revenue Credit Level       | Based on 5 years* of estimated revenue                                 | Based on 3 years* of est. revenue<br>5 years* for MFD and Housing Authority                  | Fixed credit per home                         |
| Credit Determination       | Based on publicly-available data as to typical residential EV charging | Company and Customer develop a Customer Usage Profile based on estimated use of each station | Fixed; based on estimated labor and materials |
| Installer                  | Pre-Approved Contractor,<br>Licensed Contractor                        | Licensed Contractor  | Construction Company Pre-Approved<br>by Duke  |
| Key Documentation Required | Install Invoices, EV Registration,<br>permits (if needed)              | Install Invoices, Customer Usage<br>Profile, permits   | Evidence of installation                      |

\* If Customer is simultaneously participating in the Line Extension Plan, credits are based on one year of estimated revenue

# Make-Ready Credit Benefits

## For Participants

- Offset infrastructure costs for electrification
- Safe, high-quality installation
- Where applicable, design and configuration consulting to balance system size, costs and expansion potential
- Available for any EV charging installation, regardless of provider

## For Non-Participants

- Receive the benefit of downward rate pressure from new EV loads.
  - Upfront cost of make ready credits ultimately reversed in most circumstances by additional future revenues received from participants' use of EVs.
  - Price signals for EV charging have the potential to flatten load curves and promote the more efficient and cost-effective use of the electric system.

Numerous States, including Arizona, California, and New York, have developed rate-based make-ready programs to spur EV adoption, but they all focus on costs.

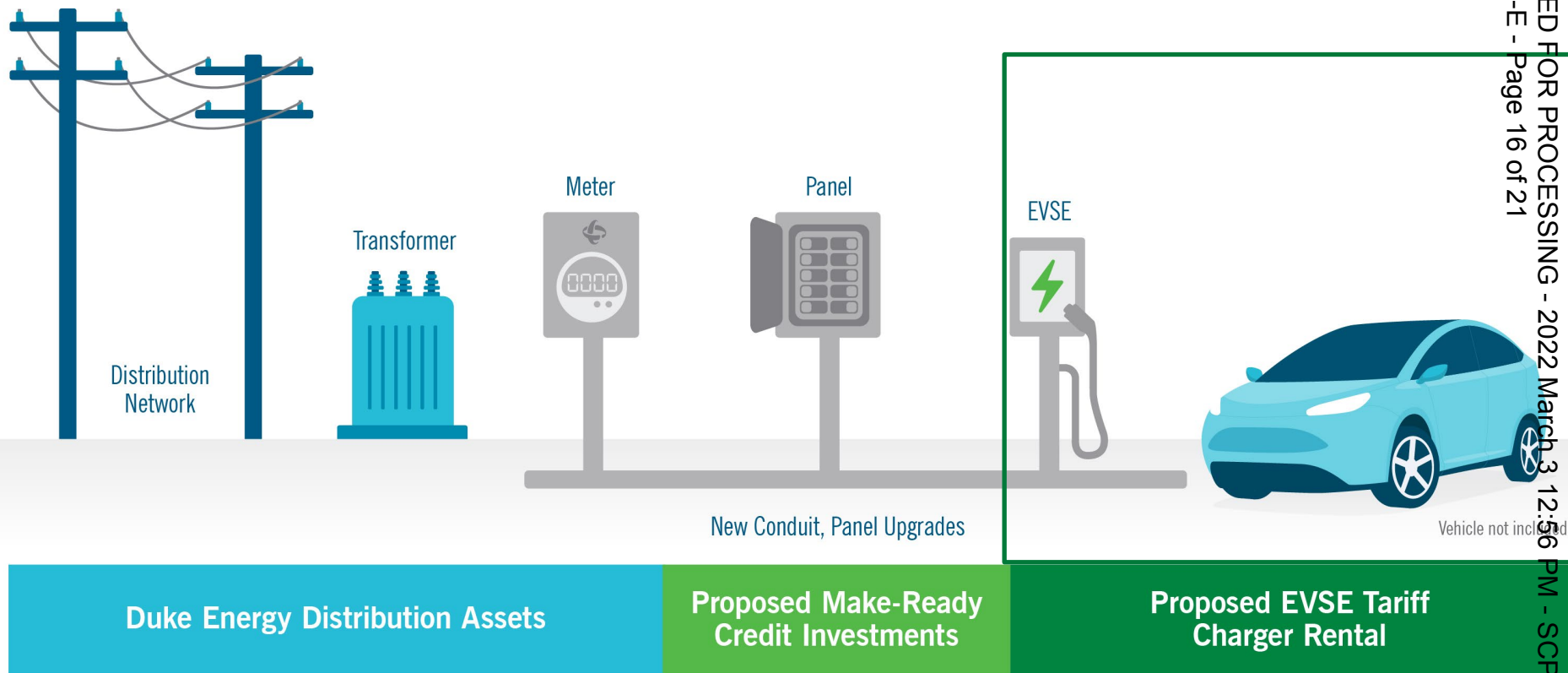
Duke's revenue credit approach is unique and we believe best balances the needs of participants and non-participants. The revenue credit approach encourages customers to find the best installation price.



# EVSE Pilot Tariff

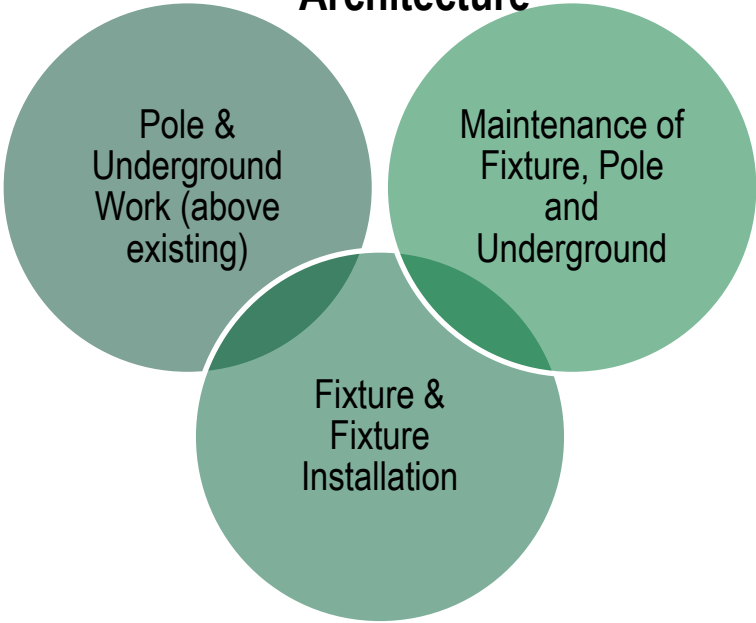


# Electric Vehicle Supply Equipment (EVSE) Tariff



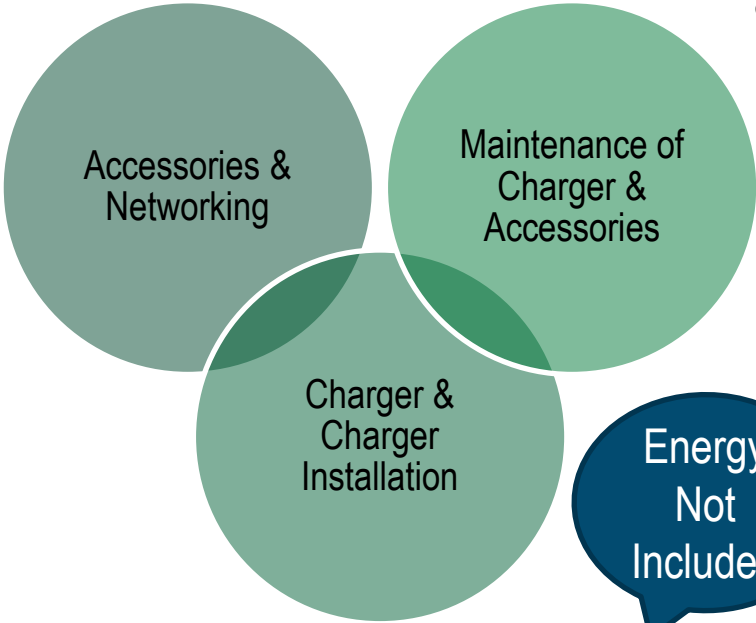
# EVSE Approach Modeled on Outdoor Lighting

## Outdoor Lighting Rate Architecture



One Rate Per Month Per  
Fixture, Maintenance & Energy

## EV Service Equipment



One Rate Per Month Per  
Charger & Maintenance

# EVSE Tariff Basics & Benefits

## Basics

- Utility owns and installs infrastructure, customer operates it
- Provides utility expertise
- Open to all customers, expansive and flexible



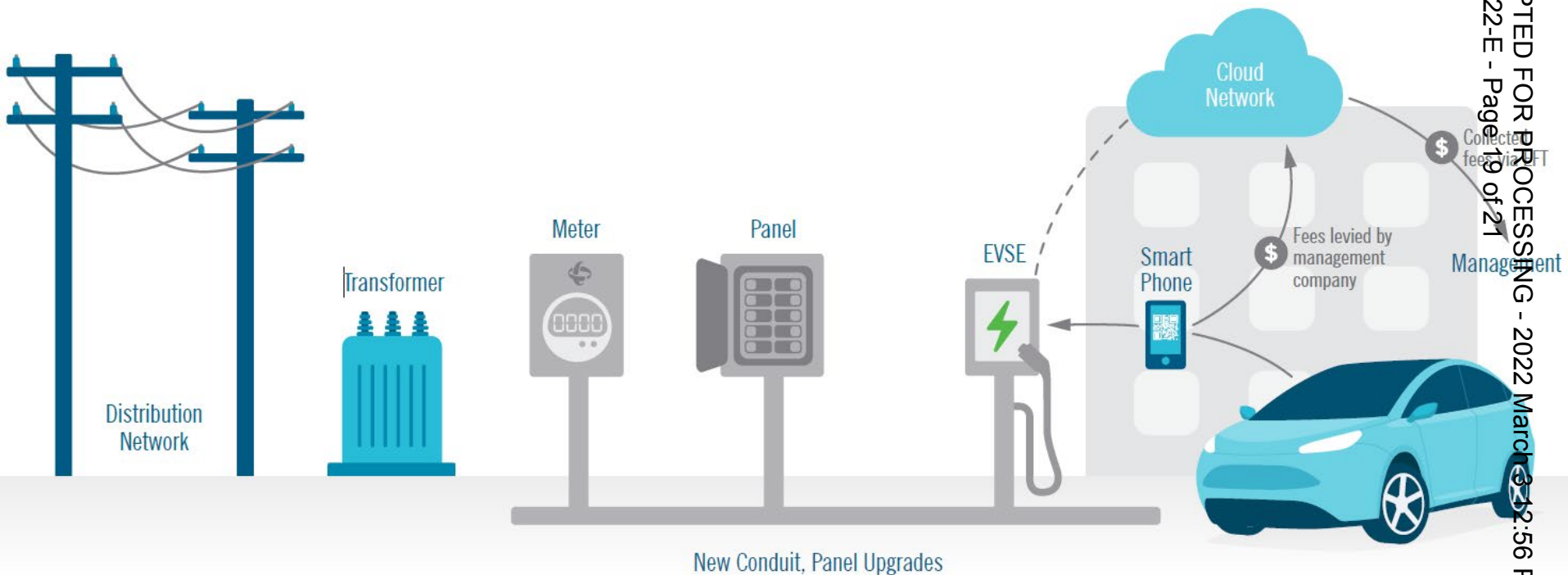
## Participants Benefits

- Capital barriers removed
- Large selection of hardware & software, and accessories, such as:
  - Mounting Options
  - Extra Facilities
- Maintenance hassle eliminated
- General uncertainty mitigated

## Non-Participant Benefits

- Bears no costs
- Receives benefit of downward rate pressure

# Make-Ready & EVSE – Apartment Complex Example



**Duke Energy Distribution Assets**  
Commission-approved Line Extension Plan (LEP)

**Proposed Make-Ready  
Credit Investments**

**Proposed EVSE Tariff  
Charger Rental**

## Questions & Discussion

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